BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY WHEELER & LYNDE. WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 27, 1867. VOLUME XXXIV—NUMBER 50.

THE BANGOR

Daily Whig & Courier,

PUBLISHED MORNINGS,

In Bowman's Block East End Kenduskeag Bridge, on the Lower Floor.

TERMS—$8.00 per Year, 4.00 for Six Months, 2.00 for Three Months. INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

The Bangor Weekly Courier

IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY, at the Office of the Daily Whig and Courier, at Two Dollars per year, invariably in advance. WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETORS. JOHN S. LYNDE, W. G. WHEELER.

AGENCIES.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., 10 State Street, Boston and 37 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for this paper.

S. R. NILES, Agent, Scollay's Building, Cor. Court Street, Boston.

Subscriptions may in all cases be paid in advance, and such subscribers filling this notice marked, will understand that the time for which they paid has duly arrived.

Your Subscription expires

BUSINESS CARDS.

PETERS & WILSON,

Counsellors and Attorneys-at-Law,

BANGOR, ME.

JOHN A. PETERS. F. A. WILSON.

DOW & SON,

PORTLAND, MAINE,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Half Oak Sole Leather,

Hemlock, Finished "Backs" and "Sides,"

FOR BELTING,

OAK, GRAIN, SPLIT AND CALF

LEATHER.

Orders for PATENT BELTING filled on most favorable terms. feb 13 dtf

EBEN STEVENS,

MANUFACTURING

JEWELER & ENGRAVER,

No. 36 Hammond Street,

Opposite the Court House, - - Bangor, Me.

MUSIC!

THE MITCHELL'S BANGOR QUADRILLE BAND, most respectfully inform the public that they are prepared to furnish Music for Balls, Parties, Pleasure Excursions, and all occasions where a good band is desired. Also, music furnished for private parties. Any number of pieces furnished.—Terms moderate. Applications made to White's Music Store, or to any member of the Band, will be promptly attended to.

☞ Band Head quarters over White's Music Store, Kenduskeag Bridge.

Engagements for Full Violin; Melville H. Andrews, Piano; Leander Wilder, Cornett; Chas. Dow, Clarionett; Wm. M. Small, Double Bass. dec 10

Pitcher, Fuller & Co.,

Commission Merchants and Receivers of Flour and Produce,

Dealers in Ship Stores and Chandlery,

No. 250 Commercial Street,

F. A. PITCHER, W. W. FULLER, W. H. SPRUE. BOSTON. Jan 15

ROBERT TREAT & CO

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

CORN & FLOUR,

WHALE GOODS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, SHIP CHANDLERY &c.

Nos. 90 and 92 Exchange St. Opposite Fox, Exchange

ROBERT TREAT. nov7 dtf JOHN STRANGE.

Jordan & Mannigan,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

HARNESSES!

Collars, Whips, Halters,

SHE GINGLES, &c., &c.,

Corner of Harlow and Central Sts,

Near the Franklin House.

We have on hand a good assortment of Harnesses and are constantly manufacturing from the best stock, all articles usually found in a Harness Shop. Particular attention paid to repairing. We are selling Harnesses ten per cent cheaper than any other shop in town. All are invited to call and examine our stock. Repairing done promptly. A few second hand Harnesses for sale cheap.

EDWARD JORDAN. WM. MANNIGAN. oct 24 dtf

JOHN B. FOSTER. JOSEPH W. FRYER

JOHN B. FOSTER & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

Auctioneers & Insurance Agents,

No. 41 West Market Square, Bangor, Me

Particular attention given to the sale of Real Estate, Merchandise and Personal Property. may18

H. L. MITCHELL,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law

OFFICE,

No 55 WEST MARKET SQUARE,

Bangor, Maine.

Will give prompt and personal attention to the collection of all demands, and to all other business entrusted to his care. sept 5—3taw

BOTHROP, BEARSE & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

EXCELSIOR BURNING OIL,

Signal Oil, Coal, Sperm, Whale, Lard, and Lubricating Oils, also

BURNING FLUID, PETROLEUM and BENZINE

Lamp Ware, Burners, Fluid Tubes, Wicking, &c.

No. 13 INDIA STREET,

A. J. R. BOTHROP, E. BEARSE, M. HUNT. BOSTON.

J. W. Handy, Travelling Agt.

N. H. COLTON, General Agent for Bangor.

June 2—3taw

WAR CLAIMS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Promptly collected on the most liberal terms.

By Perkins & Smith,

Office—24 West End Kenduskeag Bridge,

BANGOR, MAINE.

NATHAN L. PERKINS. DANIEL SMITH, JR.

NATHAN L. PERKINS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Offices as above. mar 31

FURS!

Cleaned, Repaired, and Made Over, in the best manner, by

Fred. E. Beales,

Practical Furrier,

Main Street, over D. Blaisdell's Fancy Goods Store.

☞ Fine Furs Skins bought at the highest price. 1833

HAYNES & TAPPAN,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Trunks, Valises and Carpet Bags,

No. 7, Exchange Street, BANGOR.

N. B. HAYNES. J. R. TAPPAN. sep 19

J. F. CHAPMAN,

HAIR

BUSINESS CARDS.

HAYWARD'S RUBBERS.

WE OFFER TO THE TRADE

A full assortment of the above celebrated

RUBBER BOOTS & SHOES,

At Agency prices. Also

BOOTS, SHOES, AND MOCCASINS,

At wholesale only.

Stevens, Haskell & Chase,

33 Commercial St., PORTLAND, ME.

November 1. 3tadtwsm

French Porcelaine!

We have just opened a NEW STOCK of China, Dinner, Tea and Toilet Ware, in

White & Gold Band,

Of New and Desirable Patterns.

Rich Vases and Fancy Ware,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

Silver Plated Knives, Spoons, Forks and Castors.

FINE TABLE CUTLERY,

In Ivory, Rubber and Common, direct from the Manufacturers, and selling at low prices.

at No. 1 Main Street.

sept 27—tf RICKER & IRELAND.

REMOVAL.

SEKENGER'S GREEN HOUSE

has been removed from York to Newbury street near the Catholic Convent, where he is prepared to supply

Bouquets, Crosses, Wreaths, &c.,

IN SHORTNOTICE.

And will be happy to have the ladies of Bangor call and see his new and choice varieties of Plants, &c.

nov 14 3m* ADAM SEKENGER.

WM. T. HILLIARD,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,

—OFFICE—

Over Mercantile Bank, Hammond St.

Bangor, Nov. 2, 1866.—tf (Times copy)

Tags & Forwarding Cards,

PRINTED IN THE BEST STYLE,

AT THE

WHIG & COURIER JOB OFFICE,

KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.

Insurance Policies

PRINTED AT THE

Whig & Courier Job Office,

BOWMAN'S BLOCK.

New Patterns!

Stamping,

Braiding,

Embroidery,

and Sewing,

Of all kinds, done to order, at the BANGOR BAZAAR, No. 1 Johnson's Block.

dec28. eaw eF

FELLOWS' ORIGINAL

WORM LOZENGES.

WE can with confidence point to FELLOWS' WORM LOZENGES as the most perfect remedy for those troublesome pests,

INTESTINAL WORMS.

After years of careful experiment, success has crowned our efforts, and we now offer to the world a confection without a single fault, being safe, convenient, effectual and pleasant. No injurious result can occur, let them be used in whatever quantity. Not a particle of calomel enters their composition. They may be used without further preparation, and at any time. Children will eagerly devour all you give them, and ask for more. They never fail to expelling Worms from their dwelling-place, and they will always strengthen the weak and emaciated, even when he is not afflicted with worms.

Various remedies have, from time to time, been recommended, such as calomel, oil of wormseed, turpentine, &c., proved dangerous and sometimes fatal consequences. After much research, study and experiments, embracing several years, the proprietors of FELLOWS' WORM LOZENGES have succeeded in producing this remedy, free from all objections, and positively safe, pleasant and effectual. They do not kill the worms, but, set by making their dwelling place disagreeable to them. In order to assure consumers of the genuineness of these Lozenges, the analysis of DR. A. A. HAYES, State Assayer, is subjoined:—

"I have analyzed the WORM LOZENGES prepared by Messrs. FELLOWS & CO., and find that they are free from mercury and other metallic or mineral matter. These Lozenges are a skillfully compounded, pleasant to the taste, safe, yet sure and effectual in their action. Respectfully, A. A. HAYES, M. D.

Assayer to the State of Mass."

Price 25 cents per Box; Five for $1.

GEORGE W. SWETT, Proprietor of the NEW ENGLAND BOTANIC DEPOT, 105 HANOVER ST., BOSTON, MASS., Sole Agent for the Trade and Retailers, to whom all orders should be addressed.

B. F. BRADBURY, and F. PATTEN & CO., Gen'l Agents, Bangor.

Sold by Dealers in Medicines everywhere. oct 31 eowdm

NOTICE

TO SELLERS OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by an order of the Mayor and Aldermen, passed May 14, 1866, the City Marshal is directed to enforce the Act entitled an Act for the suppression of Drinking Houses and Tippling Shops, approved March 25, 1858, and acts additional thereto. In obedience to said orders, the undersigned will proceed to take measures to enforce the provisions of said act in all cases of violation thereof in this city, from and after Monday next. H. B. FARNHAM, City Marshal.

may 16.

American Lloyds!

THE UNDERSIGNED hereby gives notice that he has been appointed agent of American Lloyds, for the State of Maine, and is prepared to inspect vessels of all sizes in course of construction, and report the same for class fleetion.

Ship builders and owners would therefor confer a favor by sending me early notice of the vessels they are building, for which a class is desired.

WILLIAM ROGERS, Inspector.

Bath, Maine, Nov. 19th, 1866. n25 3m

CAMDEN

ANCHOR WORKS

WE are now making ANCHORS of all sizes, and selling at the lowest market rates.

Heavy forging done to order. All work warranted. H. E. & W. G. ALDEN, Proprietors.

Camden, Sept. 19, 1866.

Dye Stuffs!

DYE WOOD, ALL KINDS, Indigo, Lac Dye, Cochineal, Red Vitriol, Alum, Copperas, Logwood, Hardwood Ash, Rose & Barwood, Fustic, Family Dye Colors; Reed & Co.'s Domestic Liquid Dyes. Wholesale and retail. Prices low

W. S. HARLOW, 4 Smith's Block.

oct 4

Jackson's Catarrh Stuff!

Positive Cure for all Discoveries of

Head, Throat, & Vocal Organs.

ACTS LIKE MAGIC! NEVER FAILS. "TRY IT."

ELEGANT TROCHE and SNUFF

COMBINED,

COUGHS, CATARRH, BRONCHITIS, COLDS, SHORTNESS OF BREATH, ASTHMA, BAD BREATH, HOARSENESS

Relief in a few minutes in the worst cases.

Address Circulars free.

R. B. [illegible]

OVERCOATS!

[illegible]

ANNUAL STATEMENT

OF THE

Financial Concerns of the County of Penobscot,

From Jany. 1, 1866, to Jany. 1, 1867.

COUNTY OF PENOBSCOT,
In account with AMBROSE C. FLINT, Treas'r.

	CR.
By balance as per last settlement,	$..405 25
By am't of uncollected taxes for ordinary purposes as per last settlement,	5,298 70
By am't of uncollected taxes for repairs of roads as per last settlement,	721 17
By E. C. Brett, Clerk, for Surplus Fees,	97 22
By E. C. Brett, Clerk, for Jury Fees,	70 00
By E. C. Brett, Clerk, fines and costs collected by him,	1,413 4
By S. F. Humphrey, Judge of Police Court, for fines collected by him,	783 76
By Trial Justice for fines collected by them,	50 50
By officers, for fines and costs collected by the same,	200 00
By individuals for fines and costs,	200 08
By G. W. Whitney, Jailer, fines & costs collected by him,	159 01
By Samuel Jewett, Master of House of Correction, for collections made by him	237 42
By E. C. Brett, Clk, for licenses to peddlers,	150 00
By J. M. Moore, Found Keeper, amt. deposited by him on sale of Lorse,	15 75
By Attorneys for admission fees,	30 00
By miscellaneous receipts,	91 85
By amt received for rent of premises on Hammond street, 8 months,	299 98
By temporary loans,	19,550 00
By amount of fees forfeited on Abstract No. "33,"	94 67
By am't of fees forfeited on Abstract "A,"	60 98
By amount of fees forfeited on Abstract Constables for serving Venires,	18 00
By am't of fees due individuals on Abstract "34,"	442 30
By am't of fees due individuals on Abstract "B,"	352 58
By am't of fees due Constables for serving Venires,	91 50
By amount of taxes assessed for year 1866, for ordinary purposes,	23,008 10
By amount of taxes assessed for year 1866, for repair of roads,	1,811 61
	$56,827 75

COUNTY OF PENOBSCOT,
In account with AMBROSE C. FLINT, Treas'r.

	DR.
To paid Bills allowed by Co. Commissioners as follows:	
For damage on location of roads,	$835 32
For Blank Books, Stationery, Printing, &c.,	1,311 97
For serving road notices,	19 91
For board of prisoners in Jail,	3,562 26
For board of prisoners in House of Correction,	673 92
For Reg'r of Deeds for copying in lexes,	21 40
For Clerk of Courts for services and money paid out,	690 93
For repairs and improvements in and about County buildings,	670 33
For fuel and lights,	546 66
For care of County buildings, fees, &c.,	375 00
For miscellaneous purposes,	899 22
To paid Grand and Traverse Jurors,	3,997 70
To paid Sup. Jud. Court orders to Sheriff and fees stents,	1,381 46
To paid Sup. Jud. Court orders to Clerk,	10 00
To paid Sup. Jud. Court orders for examining Record,	741 00
To paid County Commissioners,	956 90
To paid Judge of Probate, salary from Oct. 1, 1865, to Oct. 1, 1866,	620 00
To paid Register of Probate, salary from Oct. 1, 1865, to Oct. 1, 1866,	500 00
To paid Recorder of Police Court, salary from Nov. 10, 1865, to Nov. 10, 1866,	400 00
To am't of fees due individuals on abstract No. "33," as per last settlement,	357 87
To am't of fees due individuals on abstract "A," as per last settlement,	300 31
To am't of fees due Constables for serving Venires, as per last settlement,	75 00
To am't of S. J. Court orders to Constables for serving Venires,	234 30
To amount of Bills of Cost in criminal prosecutions, allowed by S. J. Court,	3,016 38
To amount of Bills of Cost in criminal prosecutions, allowed by Co. Commissioners,	1,070 22
To paid A. W. Paine, Treasurer of Law Library,	60 00
To paid Miles Wilson his claim for building "Meadow Brook" road in Howland, in accordance with an act of Legislature, approved Feb'y 12, 1866,	2,304 23
To paid Messrs. Wheelwright & Morson for premises adjoining County lot, per order of County Commissioners, April Term 1866,	6,250 00
To paid W. K. Foster act. deposited by Pound Keeper, June 11, 1864, on sale of horses,	60 65
To paid temporary loans,	11,550 00
To paid interest on loans,	447 15
To amt of Road Assessment for 1864, on No. 2½ Township No. 3, R. 6, located by Co. Commissioners Aug. 7, 1866,	570 80
To amt of uncollected taxes for ordinary purposes,	9,072 77
To amt of uncollected taxes for repairs of roads,	1,907 98
To allowance to Treasurer	1,000 00
To balance as cash,	109 32
	$56,827 75

Statement of the Liabilities and Assets of the County, Dec. 3., 1866.

LIABILITIES.

Due on Salaries and Bills audited,	$1,167 18
Due on Abstracts,	866 58
Due on Criminal Bills allowed by Co. Commissioners, Dec. Term, 1866,	547 03
Due on temporary loans,	8,000 00
Due on accrued interest on same,	200 00
Due Law Library Association,	120 00
	$10,929 59

ASSETS.

Uncollected taxes for ordinary purposes,	$9,072 77
Maine Central R. R. Mortgage Bond,	500 00
Cash on hand,	166 32
Lot on Court Street,	5,500 00
	$15,182 09

REMARKS.

The expenses incident to criminal prosecutions the past year have been as follows:

Bills of Cost allowed by S. J. Court,	$3,016 38
Bills of Cost allowed by County Commissioners,	1,070 22
Board of prisoners in Jail,	3,562 26
Board of prisoners in House of Correction,	1,052 72
Grand and Traverse Jurors for Criminal Terms,	1,921 48
Attendance, &c, on Court same term,	592 84
Serving Venires for Jurors same term,	107 40
	$11,223 30
Corresponding Expenses in 1865,	7,635 11
Increase the past year,	$3,588 19

The receipts into the Treasury the past year, for fines & costs and for board of prisoners, were $3,181 19

Corresponding receipts in 1865, 2,560 43

Increase the past year, $614 76

AMBROSE C. FLINT, Treasurer.

Treasurer's Office Penobscot County. Bangor, Jany. 1, 1867. Jan 17 1t&w2t

Important to Lumbermen

AND

Owners of Hemlock Lands.

THE AMERICAN PATENTED IMPROVEMENT TANNING COMPANY of New York own the exclusive right in the United States for the manufacture of an imperishable "EXTRACT" from Hemlock Bark for tanning purposes. The Bark Extract is now extensively used among Tanners, and the demand for it is rapidly increasing. It commands a ready sale in the Boston, New York and Philadelphia markets, at sixty cents per gallon. The appliances for manufacturing are simple and not expensive, costing but little more than the ordinary leaches used by Tanners. By this process 1½ cords of bark may be reduced so as to contain the entire strength into forty gallons of Extract, without in the slightest degree injuring its tanning qualities, and at a cost not exceeding one dollar per cord. The saving in freight alone, between the transportation of the Extract and the Bark, will range from six to eight dollars per cord, so that any one who may get out but three hundred cords of Bark per year, may save from two thousand to twenty-five hundred dollars in the difference in freight.

The Company does not propose to sell Territorial rights, but will grant exclusive privilege to manufacture to certain localities, charging a small royalty per gallon for the amount manufactured.

The Company will send competent men to superintend the construction of works, where parties desire to enter into the business, and to instruct in the manufacture of the Extract.

As a guarantee of success to those entering into this business, the Company will contract to take all the Extract manufactured under their process at forty cents per gallon, delivered in Boston or New York.

Parties in Maine desiring further information, if to large, &c., may call upon or address CHAS. ELLIS, ALL General Agent for Maine, 24 Market Street, Portland, where models of the patented machines may be seen.

[illegible]

OVERCOATS!

[illegible]

PLASTER!

300 TONS

Fresh Ground Plaster,

AND

50 TONS DOE'S

Super Phosphate of Lime.

ALSO,

500 Casks Lime,

A FULL STOCK OF

Farming Utensils,

Grass Seeds,

Garden Seeds,

Groceries, &c., &c.

FOR SALE

Cheap for Cash!

Chas. E. Dunning,

42 West Market Square.

January 26 3tawd2m wt

ST. XAVIER'S CONVENT

OF THE

SISTERS OF MERCY,

BANGOR, MAINE.

THIS Spacious and Beautiful Institution is located in a very healthful part of one of the first and most populous cities of the State. It offers superior attractions to parents desirous of giving their children a *solid and refined education*. They may be assured that every necessary attention will be paid to the *health* and *comfort* of the pupils. The utmost care will be taken to cultivate their *moral and religious principles* which alone render education profitable in after life.

The educational course comprises every *useful and ornamental* branch suitable for Young Ladies.

Differences of Religion will not be regarded in the admission of pupils who are willing to conform to the general regulations.

The Scholastic Year is divided into two sessions, the first of which commences on the FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER. No entrance fees.

TERMS.

Board and Tuition, per Session, payable in advance,	$75 00
Terms for Day Pupils, per Quarter,	00

EXTRA.

Music, use of Piano, per Quarter,	14 00
Vocal, " " "	10 00
Guitar, " " "	10 00
French, " " "	10 00
Italian, " " "	10 00
German, " " "	10 00
Latin, " " "	8 00
Drawing, " " "	8 00
A complete set of Lessons in Painting,	15 00

Washing, mending, or any of the usual incidental expenses, are not subject to any extra charge. Bed and bedding, $5 50.

UNIFORM.—Blue, Tibbet, or Lyoness, in Winter; Blue Muslin or Delaine in Summer: Knife, Fork and Spoon; Table Napkins. This uniform can be provided at the convenience of parents or guardians.

No deduction made for accidental absence, except when occasioned by sickness.

An extra charge of $25 00 for all who remain as boarders during vacation.

For further information apply at the Convent, or by letter to the Directors of the Institution.

sept 12 MOTHER MARY GONZAGA.

THE

Great New England Remedy!

DR. J. W. POLAND'S

White Pine Compound

IS now offered to the afflicted throughout the country, after having been proved by Letters of eleven years, in the New England States where its virtues have become as well known as the tree from which, in part, it derives its virtues.

THE White Pine Compound

CURES

Sore Throat, Colds, Coughs, Diphtheria, Bronchitis, Spitting of Blood, and Pulmonary Affections generally. It is a Remarkable Remedy for Kidney Complaints, Diabetes, Difficulty of Voiding Urine, Bleeding from the Kidneys and Bladder, Gravel and other Complaints. For Piles and Scurvy it will be found very valuable.

Give it a trial if you would learn the value of a TRIED MEDICINE.

IT IS PLEASANT, SAFE AND SURE.

B. F. BRADBURY and F. PATTEN, Agents, Bangor.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Medicines generally. oct 21 eowdm

Bank Notice.

THE following are the 1st and 2d Sections of an act of the Legislature passed Feb 20, 1866:

"SECTION 1. In all cases where the liability of any bank in this State to redeem its bills would expire in the year 1866, but for the provisions of this act, such liability shall be extended until the 1st day of March, 1867, except such banks as are now in the hands of the Receivers.

"SEC. 2. The Bank Commissioner shall publish in one or more newspapers in the place where such bank is situated, and in such other newspapers as they may see fit, a notice of the time when the liability of such bank will cease for the redemption of its bills, and shall cause it to be continued for three months next before the time named therefor."

The liability of the following banks to redeem their bills, which would have expired in the year 1866, and for the payment of which, by the first section of the act, extended until the 1st day of March, 1867:

Augusta Bk, at Augusta.	Long Reach Bank, at Bath.
Bath Bank, at Bath.	Lewiston Falls Bank, at Lewiston.
Bank of Somerset, at Skowhegan.	Marine Bank, at Damariscotta.
Bank of Washington, at Winthrop.	Northern Bank, at Houlton.
Freemans Bank, at Augusta.	Oak Hill Bank, at Gardiner.
Granite Bk, at Augusta.	Orono Bank, at Orono.
Interior Bank, at Portland.	Skowhegan Bank, at Skowhegan.
Kenduskeag Bank, at Bangor	

A. C. ROBBINS, F. E. WEBB, Bank Commissioners.

Nov. 29, 1866. aw3m

American & Foreign Patents.

R. H. EDDY,

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,

Late Agent of the U. S. Patent Office, Washington, under the Act of 1837.

No. 78 State Street, (opposite Kilby street,) Boston.

AFTER an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States; also in Great Britain, France and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Bonds, Assignments, and all papers or drawings for Patents, executed on reasonable terms, with dispatch. Researches made into American and Foreign works, to determine the validity and utility of Patents of Inventions, and equal and other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded in Washington.

No Agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining Patents, or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.

During eight months the subscriber, in the course of his large practice, made us aware received applications SIXTEEN APPEALS; every one of which was decided *in his favor* by the Commissioner of Patents.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr. R. H. Eddy as one of the *most capable and successful* practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse. CHAS. MASON,

Commissioner of Patents.

"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they can put confidence in those connected with that establishment, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office. EDMUND BURKE,

Late Commissioner of Patents.

"Mr. R. H. Eddy has made for me THIRTEEN collections in all one *ONLY* which proved to be a new invention, and that one he secured for me in a remarkable proof of great law skill and ability. The most important point in the case was one I had given up as untenable, and I wrote to him to procure that point conceded, or else to advise me of having the most valuable invention lost sight of by the examiner. JOHN TIGHE, Boston.

Feb 1 3taw 1y

PATENT

[illegible]

PATENT LAMPS!

[illegible]

Counting Room Almanac for 1867.

	SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
JANUARY			1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31		
FEBRUARY						1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28		
MARCH						1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31						
APRIL		1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30				
MAY				1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30	31	
JUNE		1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30				
JULY			1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31		
AUGUST					1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
SEPTEMBER		1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30				
OCTOBER				1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30	31	
NOVEMBER					1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	
DECEMBER		1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30	31			

Bangor Post Office.

Post Office open from 7½ A. M. to 8 P. M., and from 8½ to 9 P. M.

Western mail closes at 6 A. M.; North Carmel via Hermon at 2 P. M., all others close at 9 P. M.

The time of the arrivals and departures is the central time. There are no arrivals or departures on Sunday.

The North Carmel via Hermon mail arrives and departs on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Kenduskeag, Brownsville and Greenville offices have a daily mail.

The mail to Dexter via Kenduskeag leaves here Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and returns Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

The other mails are daily.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

	Arrival.		Departure.	
Western, (arrive at depot)	8	P. M.	7.10	A. M.
Augusta,	9	P. M.	5	A. M.
Calais and St. John,	6	A. M.	9.30	P. M.
Belfast,	9	P. M.	6	A. M.
Ellsworth, Machias &c.,	5	A. M.	9.30	P. M.
Houlton,	5	P. M.	6	A. M.
Castine and Bucksport,	5	P. M.	6	A. M.
Upper Stillwater,	7	P. M.	6	A. M.
Dexter, via Kenduskeag,	7	P. M.	8	A. M.
Brownville, via Bradford,	7	P. M.	7	A. M.
Greenville, via Monson,	7	P. M.	6	A. M.
North Carmel, via Hermon,	12	M.	3	P. M.
Monroe,	10	A. M.	3	P. M.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

ON LETTERS.

Throughout the United States, 3 cents per half ounce or fraction of a half ounce.

To and from the British Provinces, not over 2,500 miles, 10 cents per half ounce.

To same, over 2500 miles, 15 cents per half ounce.

ON NEWSPAPERS—QUARTERLY RATES.

Weekly papers (to actual subscribers) within the county where published—FREE.

Weekly papers, in the State where published, and out of the county, 5 cents per quarter.

Weekly papers to any part of the United States 5 cents per quarter.

Daily papers (or six papers per week) in the State, 60 cents per quarter.

Daily papers out of the State, 90 cents per quarter.

[The above rates apply to papers weighing not over 4 ounces each—and this covers almost every paper in the United States.]

ON NEWSPAPERS—TRANSIENT RATES.

To any part of the United States—PREPAID.

One package (one address, or exceeding 4 ounces, 2 cents.

Over 4 ounces, and not over 8 ounces, 4 cents.

do 8 do do 12 do 6 do

do 12 do do 15 do 8 do

Newspapers must be left open at the ends.

ON BOOKS—ROUND OR UNBOUND.

If not new, ship over 4 pounds.

To one address, not exceeding 4 ounces, 4 cents.

Over 4 ounces, and not over 8 ounces, 8 cents.

do 8 do do 12 do 12 do

do 12 do do 16 do 16 do

Rates of Letter Postage to Foreign Countries.

To England, Ireland and Scotland, 24 cents per half ounce.

To France and Algeria, by French mail, 15 cents per quarter ounce; 30 cents per half ounce.

To German States, by Prussian closed mail, 28 cents half ounce.

To Bremen,	by	French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
To do	by	Bremen mail, (except Bremen, Frankfort, Luxemburg, Wurtemberg, Holland, and the Netherlands), 15 cts. hf. oz.
do	by	Hamburg mail, (except Hamburg, Frankfort, Luxemburg, Wurtemberg, Holland and the Netherlands, 15 cts half oz.
To Bremen,	by	Bremen mail, 10 cts. half ounce.
To Hamburg,	by	Hamburg mail, 10 cts. half ounce.
To Frankfort and Wurtemberg,		by Bremen mail, 15 cents half ounce.
To Luxemburg,	by	Bremen or Hamburg mail, 22 cents half ounce.
To Holland and the Netherlands,	by	French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
To Belgium,	by	Bremen or Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.
To Austria and the States,	by	Prussian closed mail, 30 cents half ounce.
To Austria,	by	Bremen and Hamburg mail, 35 cents half ounce.
To Prussia,	by	Prussian closed mail, 15 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do	by	Bremen or Hamburg mail, 20 cents half ounce.
To Prussia,	by	Prussian closed mail, 30 cents half ounce.
do	by	Bremen or Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.
do	by	French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce, 42 cents half ounce.
To Sardinian States,	by	Prussian closed mail, 40 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do	by	French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce, 42 cents half ounce.
do	by	Bremen and Hamburg mail, 25 cents half ounce.
To Lombardy,	by	Prussian closed mail, 40 cents half ounce—prepaid.
do	by	French mail 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
do	by	Bremen or Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.
To Parma and Modena,	by	French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
do	by	Bremen or Hamburg mail, 25 cents half ounce.
To Papal States,	by	Prussian closed mail, 49 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do	by	French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
do	by	Bremen or Hamburg mail, 28 cents half ounce.
To the Two Sicilies,	by	Prussian closed mail, 47 cts. half ounce—prepaid.
do	by	French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
do	by	Bremen or Hamburg mail, 32 cents half ounce—prepaid.
To Spain,	by	French mail 21cts. quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce—prepaid.
do	by	British packet, 8 cts. half oz.
do	by	Bremen or Hamburg mail, 25 cents half ounce.
To Portugal,	by	French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce—prepaid.
do	by	British mail, via England, 33 cents quarter ounce.
do	by	Hamburg or Bremen 25 cents.
To Denmark,	by	Prussian closed mail, 45 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do	by	Bremen or Hamburg mail, 18 cents half ounce
do	by	French mail, 27 cents quarter ounce; 54 cents half ounce.
To Sweden,	by	Prussian closed mail, 34 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do	by	Bremen or Hamburg mail, 21 cents half ounce.
do	by	French mail, 33 cents quarter ounce; 66 cents half ounce.
To Norway,	by	Prussian closed mail, 38 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do	by	Bremen or Hamburg mail, 25 cents half ounce.
do	by	French mail 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.

Australia, via Panama, 22 cts. ½ ounce, prepaid.
Buenos Ayres via England, 45 cents ½ oz. prepaid.
Messina, Prussian closed mail, 38 cts ½ oz. prepaid.
Montevideo, via England, 45 cts. ½ oz. prepaid.
Africa, West Coast, 3 cents ½ ounce, prepaid.
Brazil, 41 cents half ounce

CONDITION OF THE NATIONAL BANKS. We are indebted to a friend for a copy of the latest abstract of Quarterly Returns from the National Banks, issued from the office of the Comptroller of the currency Feb. 8th, and showing the condition of the banks on the first Monday in January last. An analysis of the returns exhibits some rather remarkable and gratifying facts in regard to the ability of the banks—it appearing, for instance, that they would be obliged to call in only one-quarter of their loan to meet all their liabilities to the public, including the entire amount of deposits—so that Professor Amasa Walker's apprehension, that a financial crash would ensue if there should be an extensive and sudden run upon the banks by depositors, does not appear to be well founded.

An analyzation of the figures given below, made by a gentleman familiar with banking, shows that the liabilities of all the banks to the public and to the government amount to $907,058,390.91, and their cash resources to $765,961,755.08—leaving a deficiency of only $141,096,644.83, to be paid out of the loan and other resources of $642,345,776.06. This certainly shows a safe condition of the currency in any business crisis which may occur. It will be good as long as the government is good—and the people have manifested their ability and determination to sustain that. The following is the abstract of returns:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts,	$608,411,901 53
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	18,861,127 43
Expense Account,	2,795,325 36
Premiums paid,	2,852,946 23
Cash items (including revenue stamps)	101,330,984 35
Due from National Banks,	92,492,445 65
Due from other banks,	12,941,445 40
U. S. bonds to secure circulation,	33,180,700 00
U. S. bonds to secure deposits,	39,015,350 00
U. S. bonds and securities on hand,	52,924,050 00
Other stocks, bonds, and mortgages,	15,072,757 45
Bills of National Banks,	16,205,581 00
Bills of other banks,	2,178,142 00
Specie,	16,934,972 10
Compound interest notes,	8,925,190 00
Other lawful money,	104,586,827 23
Aggregate,	$1,504,448,245 28

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in,	$419,779,739 00
Surplus fund,	54,007,222 14
National bank notes outstanding,	294,094,294 00
State Bank notes outstanding,	8,561,499 00
Individual deposits,	553,179,944 45
United States deposits,	27,225,683 10
Deposits of U. S. Disbursing officers,	2,275,884 79
Due to National Banks	92,755,669 88
Due to other Banks and Bankers	54,322,614 07
Profits,	26,337,323 35
Aggregate,	$1,504,448,245 28

COOL AND GOOD ADVICE FROM A FRIEND. Mr. Raymond of the New York Times, one of the strongest friends of President Johnson's "policy," now advises him to accept the situation imposed by Congress, and make the best of the matter, inasmuch as he cannot change results by further resort to the veto. This is good advice—but we don't think Mr. Johnson will accept it. The only consideration which may induce him to do so, is that so quietly but forcibly put by Mr. Raymond, viz, that by refusing now to acquiesce in the inevitable—that is, to submit to the action of the loyal Congress—he will only "intensify the feeling against himself" and render impeachment more probable. Mr. Raymond's paper says: "The decision of the President, whatever it may be, in regard to the Reconstruction bill, will be chiefly important in its bearing upon his own position and upon the fortunes of the South. The more than two-thirds vote by which the bill passed both branches of Congress, places it beyond the reach of the veto. The most that can happen is temporary delay. To veto the measure openly would simply be to insure its enactment as law, irrespective of the President's hostility. To retain it in the Executive pocket, and so to smother it for the session, would be equally unrivalling; since the Congress which is to assemble on the 4th of March would at once pass a similar law, and might possibly augment its harshness and stringency. For the sake of the South it is desirable that the contingency be obviated, which can only be done by an absolute settlement within the next few days. And for the sake of the President himself it is to be hoped that he will meet the issue immediately; whether his final decision be for or against the bill.

The principles upon which reconstruction is provided for, and the conditions to which it is subjected, differ so widely from those favored by the President, that his concurrence can scarcely be expected. He has not shown himself an adept in the art of conciliation, or a very earnest seeker after compromise. The question has reached a stage, however, in which the reaffirmation of its antagonism to Congress can avail neither himself nor the country. By no possibility can he gain aught by refusing to acquiesce in the action of Congress. He may intensify the feeling against himself, and may perchance bring other burdens upon the South, but he can no more hope to give effect to his own views or to induce Congress to abate the exercise of its power. The unexpectedly large majorities for the bill placed these points beyond dispute."

INTERESTING TO SPORTSMEN. A law has been passed regulating the taking of trout in Lakes Rangely, Moosehemaguntic, Richardson, Umbagog, Cupenptic, Kennebago, or Parmacheric, the tributaries and outlets within the limits of the State, except by the ordinary process of angling with single-baited hook and line or artificial fly. The passage of such a law was called for for the reason that certain parties are in the practice of taking trout by either seines, nets, weirs or traps from these waters, equally to the annoyance of the large number of sportsmen who frequent them and desire to fish only in the legitimate way, and because taking the spawning beauties by such contrivances tends to depopulate the waters. The law provides that any person violating the provisions of this act shall forfeit for each offence a sum not exceeding fifty dollars, and in default of payment of such fine shall be imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding thirty days. It further provides that any person who shall sell or offer for sale any trout taken from any of the waters aforesaid, shall forfeit for each offence a sum not exceeding fifty dollars, to be recovered in an action of debt in the name of the State, one half to the use of the State and the other half to the use of the person who shall prosecute for the same.

islature to take measures to assume the town liabilities. The town debts are so confused, and in some cases so nearly fictitious as returned, that these returns present no basis for action.

The railroad interests are being looked up by their friends at present to considerable extent,—and in connection with this a resolve has been introduced proposing an amendment to the constitution allowing the State to grant its credit to aid the construction of the same.

The friends of the European and North American are making every effort to secure its speedy construction.

The Liquor Law came up in the Senate the other day and was discussed. We cannot but feel that there is much force in the objections raised in an editorial of the Whig respecting such radical changes. Not that rumsselling is not a crime of sufficient magnitude to be punished with almost any penalty, but that its penalties may destroy its effectiveness and render it inoperative. A dead lion will harm no one. Many prominent temperance men think that if the present law could be uniformly and judiciously enforced by a State police force, it would answer all purposes.

After reading House document No. 101—a pamphlet of sixteen pages—we are forced to conclude that the Commonwealth of Maine is in a critical condition, or that certain parties have abused themselves with the belief of this idea. The House have generously printed this document, which contains among other things forty-nine resolutions passed by a town meeting on the very much abused subject of the "Rights of the People". This document, these resolutions, full of conceited nonsense, glittering generalities and unmeasured abuse, will have no further effect than to benefit the State printers may derive from printing the same. Already these "reformers on the picket line" are cooling down. If they were sent to Augusta to destroy the law and the lawyers they would fall in their designs.

The nations resolves passed in the House several days since, and in the Senate Saturday, have already been published. Mr. Oak of Garland desired to amend the first resolution by adding a clause saying that the fact of "being created equal" does not convey a right to an inter-marriage of races.

The State tax to be assessed the present year amounts to $967,207.82, which is at the rate of six mills to the dollar on the valuation of 1860; 5½ mills for the current expenditures of the treasury and ½ of a mill for the sinking fund.

Last year the tax assessed amounted to $1,249,012.14, which was 7 mills to the dollar.

The tax is assessed upon the counties respectively as is annexed:

Androscoggin,	$49,450 83
Aroostook,	13,214 71
Cumberland,	194,817 19
Franklin,	25,758 25
Hancock,	39,202 96
Kennebec,	91,756 97
Knox,	55,260 80
Lincoln,	37,213 58
Oxford,	47,087 83
Penobscot,	87,294 00
Piscataquis,	16,144 03
Sagadahoc,	60,872 20
Somerset,	42,897 03
Waldo,	46,432 80
Washington,	45,854 09
York,	114,944 09

Considerable interest has been excited by the Auburn and Danville case. Upon a very close vote the bill passed; but the Selectmen of Danville, having taken lessons in political principles from the Jeff Davis school, proposed to evade the law, and accordingly refused to call a town meeting to vote upon the question, although twenty-five citizens of Danville, who it is said pay a large part of the taxes, petitioned them to do so.

The friends of the measure when they learned that this town refused to take action upon the law, had the rules suspended, and passed an amendment uniting the towns without any condition, thus vindicating the authority of the State.

Another case of this nature that was pretty warmly contested before the committee was the setting off a portion of Frankfort to Winterport. Several years since the town of Winterport was set off from the town of Frankfort, and the line was made as to divide the village almost in the middle. This has had a tendency to interfere in with the business and social interests of the village. The case seemed so clear to the Committee that they almost unanimously reported in favor of the petitioners. By this measure about 130 polls and $125,000 of taxable property have been added to Winterport.

Business is being pushed with considerable rapidity; and to-day the House voted to have three sessions.

It is thought that the Legislature will adjourn Friday next.

CORPORAL PUNISHMENT. In a case of whipping by a school teacher, recently brought before one of the Cincinnati courts, it was decided by the Judge that all corporeal punishment in schools, whether moderate or excessive, is unlawful and of the nature of assault and battery. In the opinion of the Judge the power of correcting children by personal chastisement belongs solely to the parent, and cannot be delegated to a teacher or other person. He holds, and very properly, that if a boy is incompetent to perform the tasks required by a teacher, punishment is wicked; but if the child is willful, the parents ought to take the necessary measures for correction.

This opinion, says the N. Y. Sun, may be reversed by higher courts, for there is a popular question in favor of this barbarous and spasmodic method of school government.

Public opinion has long been pronounced positively against the infliction of corporeal punishment, although many [illegible] from the [illegible] Lancasterian system [illegible] wholly on the [illegible]

GOOD BARGAINS!

A LARGE STOCK OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Remedies, Syringes, Extracts, Perfumery, Toilet Goods, Brushes, English Pickles and Sauces, Perfectly Pure Spices, Flavoring Extracts, Fine Cigars and Tobacco.

All at very low rates. N. R. HARLOW, 4 Smith's Block.
feb 5 eu

TUNING.

I will receive 100 more orders for Pianos to be tuned by the year, at $5 00. Pianos tuned and repaired as usual. E. Q. NORTON, 24 Main St.
dec 21 sntf

Dr. Blaiscell's Office,
2½ HARLOW'S BLOCK,
RESIDENCE—ESSEX STREET.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 2 TO 5 P. M. mch 2 sm

E. M. Coll. Seminary,
BUCKSPORT, MAINE.

THE SPRING TERM of this Institution opens on MONDAY, Feb. 18th, and continues eleven weeks. JAMES R. CRAWFORD, Principal.
Bucksport, Jan. 30, 1867 3w fb

GRAY-HEADED PEOPLE have their locks restored by it to the dark, lustrous, silken tresses of youth, and are happy!

People whose heads are covered with Dandruff and Humors, use it, and have clean heads and healthy scalps!

BALD-HEADED VETERANS have their receding locks tightened, and the bare spots covered with a luxuriant growth of Hair, and dance for joy!

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.

Price $1.00 per Bottle.

E. M. TUBBS & CO., PROPRIETORS
PETERBOROUGH, N. H.

B. F. Bradbury and J. F. Patten, Bangor, wholesale and retail agents. feb 5 3mw6m

AUGUSTUS C. HAMLIN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
OFFICE AT No. 30, MAIN STREET.
Residence, Court Street.
February 14. sntf

Teffts' New Dental Rooms!

Dr. HENRY F. TEFFT,
(From the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia.)

Attends to every department of the science and art of Dentistry, according to the latest improvements, and with all the modern and improved instruments, and in every style of work, at his New Dental Rooms in Bangor,

No. 2 1-2 KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE,
Corner of Strickland's Block, Post Office Avenue.
Turning to the right as you ascend the stairs.

N. B. Teeth examined and advice given without charge. A liberal deduction made to clergymen of all denominations, and their families. feb 20 sn

NOTICE.

I want a situation as Book-keeper. Have kept books by double entry for two years past. Can furnish the best of reference. Address BOOK-KEEPER, Bangor.
feb20 2w m

Choral Festival.

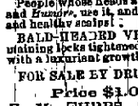
I desire to organize a Chorus of 200 voices for the practice of ORATORIO MUSIC, for a Choral Festival similar in character to the one which was so successful in April, 1865.

The rehearsals of the Chorus will take place every MONDAY and THURSDAY Evening. Singers may join the Chorus at any time.

The Oratorios of "The Messiah" and the "Stabat Mater" of Rossini are the works selected for practice. Books will be furnished, but those who have copies are requested to bring them.

Terms, including admission to all rehearsals and to the entire Festival, $1.50.
feb19 F. S. DAVENPORT.

DENTAL NOTICE.



Having bought the Office, Practice, and good will, of Dr. N. S. JENKINS, I am now prepared for the practice of *Dentistry* in all its branches.

FILLING, EXTRACTING, CLEANSING.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

Inserted on Vulcanized Rubber, Gold or Silver, at reasonable rates, and warranted.

E. C. YOUNG, No. 3 Union Block, Main Street, over Allen's Drug Store.

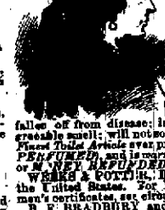
BANGOR, September 12, 1866.

It gives me great pleasure to recommend to my patients my successor, Dr. E. C. Young, as a skillful practitioner of Dentistry. N. S. JENKINS, D. D. S.
oct 25 sn

MISS S. E. PLAISTED,
Music Teacher,

Piano Forte Lessons, with Exercises in Writing in Harmony. A knowledge of this branch is necessary to those wishing to obtain a thorough musical education. Apply at No. 9 Grove St., or at Horton & Patten's Music Store.
References.—Hugo Leonhard, Boston; E. Duren, Bangor; Horton & Patten, do. jan 12 sntf

DR. CHAUSSIER'S
EMPRESS,



A FRENCH PREPARATION FOR THE HAIR.

It is not a Dye, but will restore Gray or Faded Hair to its original color in *ONE WEEK*; cures all Diseases of the Scalp, removes Dandruff and all Irritations; prevents Hair from falling off from *ANY CAUSE*; compels new hair to grow on bald heads when *Pinest Toilet Article* ever produced (*ELEGANTLY PERFUMED*, and is warranted in every instance or *MONEY REFUNDED*.

WEEKS & POTTER, Boston, Sole Agents for the United States. For Physicians' and Clergymen's certificates, see circular with each bottle.

B. F. BRADBURY and J. F. PATTEN & CO., wholesale and retail Agents, Bangor, Me.
sept 15—m 3taw 6m

For Coughs, Colds and Consumption,

Use the old and well known VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM, approved and used by our oldest and most celebrated physicians for forty years past. Get the genuine. REED, CUTLER & CO., Druggists, Boston, Proprietors.
jan 11 sn&w6m

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JOB PRINTING,
Executed with Neatness & Despatch, at the
WHIG & COURIER OFFICE.

MINERAL SPRING HOME.

Cured, Cured,

Tickets from Bangor,

TO ALL POINTS
WEST AND SOUTH!
VIA
New York Central,
New York and Erie,
AND
Pennsylvania Cent'l Railways

For sale at the Union Ticket Office, No 9 Central Street.
P. M. BLAKE, Agent.
sept 18 sn

Colgate's Aromatic Vegetable Soap

A superior *Toilet Soap*, prepared from refined *Vegetable Oils* in combination with *Glycerine*, and especially designed for the use of *Ladies* and for the *Nursery*. Its perfume is exquisite, and its washing properties unrivaled. For sale by all druggists. feb 17—sn d&w1y

D. M. HOWARD,
GEN'L FIRE INSURANCE AGENT,
No. 96 Exchange Street.

First class risks solicited and placed in the best companies at the lowest rates of premium.
February 12 sn3m

MR. JOHN HOYT,
TEACHER OF
Piano, and Cultivation of the Voice.

Term will consist of twelve weeks, two lessons per week.
References—Mr. John W. Tufts, Prof. R. F. Baker, J. W. Adams, Boston, Mass. dec 24

City of Bangor.

The Regular meeting of the Joint Standing Committee on Accounts and Claims will be held at the Aldermen's Room, City Hall on FRIDAY before the First Monday of each month at 2½ o'clock P. M.
H. B. WILLIAMS, Chairman.
March 25, 1866.

DR. SCHENCK'S
NEW OFFICE.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK, of Philadelphia, has opened an office on second floor of No. 35 HANOVER STREET, Boston, where he will be professionally every WEDNESDAY, from 9 to 3. Every person complaining with Consumption or any disease lending to it, is invited to call on him. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the charge is five dollars.

Dr. Schenck can explain to patients very correctly the stage of their disease, and how they use his medicines, namely, his Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic, and Mandrake Pills, without the use of the Respirometer; but by it he can tell exactly how for the lungs are sound, and what part, also, whether it is Tuberculous Pulmonary Bronchial or Lymphatic Consumption, or whether it is merely an ulcerated throat and catarrh, or from Liver Complaint.

His medicines are now full directions, so any one can take them without seeing him, but if they live near by and are well enough, it is best to see him. All three of his medicines are required in nearly every case of lung disease, for it is impossible to cure Consumption unless the stomach and liver are kept in perfect order. To get lungs in a healthy condition the stomach must be cleansed, and an appetite for good rich food created, so as to make good blood. Then the lungs will begin to heal; then the chills and night sweats will stop, and the expectoration be no free and easy.

He keeps a full supply of medicine at his rooms, which can be had at all times.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic, each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 the half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents per box.

Office of GOODWIN & CO., 38 Hanover street, Boston, General Wholesale Agents for the New England States.

For sale by all druggists. nov 16 sn 6mwly

A Cough, a Cold, or A Sore Throat,

REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION, AND SHOULD BE CHECKED. IF ALLOWED TO CONTINUE,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption

IS OFTEN THE RESULT.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

HAVING A DIRECT INFLUENCE TO THE PARTS, GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF.

For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumption and Throat Diseases.

TROCHES ARE USED WITH ALWAYS GOOD SUCCESS.

SINGERS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS

will find *Troches* useful in clearing the voice when taken before Singing or Speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. The *Troches* are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new local use in various parts of the world, and the *Troches* are universally pronounced better than other articles.

OBTAIN only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered. SOLD EVERYWHERE.
Nov 26 6mdAw

Slowly, Steadily, Successfully,
SMOLANDER'S
EXTRACT BUCKU
IS GOING

Every case of KIDNEY DISEASE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, URINARY DISORDERS and PAINS in the BACK, FEMALE COMPLAINTS and TROUBLES arising from EXCESSES of ANY KIND.

TRY SMOLANDER'S.
Take No Other Bucku.

Sold by Druggists by W. L. ALLEN & CO., and N. S. TURNER, and by Apothecaries generally.

[illegible] Wholesale Druggists, Agents for Maine.
[illegible] d&w1y

Dr. Tobias's Venetian Liniment [illegible] Zoganentar [illegible] preparations [illegible] tried remedies [illegible] the only most [illegible]

weak and feeble that I could scarcely stand alone, and, to all appearance, would soon die. At this time (having read your advertisement) my wife prevailed upon me to try your Bitters. A bottle was procured, and, strange to say, I soon commenced recovering. I have taken four bottles, and am enjoying as good health now as could be expected for one of my age (about sixty years). I have no doubt that it was your Bitters alone, under Divine Providence, that effected this wonderful cure.
R. T. PLUALIN.
Hudson, Mich., Aug. 30, 1866. f14sn 3tawd&w2w

An Effectual Worm Medicine

BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMFITS,

OR WORM LOZENGES. Much sickness, undoubtedly, with children and adults, attributed to other causes, is occasioned by worms. The "VERMIFUGE COMFITS," although effectual in destroying worms, can do no possible injury to the most delicate child. The valuable combination has been successfully used by physicians, and found to be safe and sure in eradicating worms, so painful to children.

CHILDREN HAVING WORMS require immediate attention, as neglect of the trouble often causes prolonged sickness.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS IN CHILDREN are often overlooked. Worms in the stomach and bowels cause irritation, which can be removed only by the use of a sure remedy. The combination of ingredients used in making *Brown's Vermifuge Comfits*" is such as to give the best possible effect with safety.

CURTIS & BROWN, Proprietors, New York.
Sold by all Dealers in Medicines, at 25 cts a box.
may 21—sn—d&w1y

The great charm of MERCALFE'S GREAT RHEUMATIC REMEDY, lies in the small quantity necessary to effect a cure. One dose ("forty drops") gives instant relief, and thrice repeated, seldom fails to restore the sufferer to perfect health. feb 12 sn1m

MARRIED

In Exeter, Feb'y 23d, by Geo. S. Hill, Esq., Mr. Lorenzo Cole, of Exeter, to Miss Lydia Cayelly, of Stetson.

In Bluehill, at the residence of the bride's father, Capt. Nelson Franks, by Rev. J. F. Eveleth, Mr. Henry G. Thompson, of Bangor, and Miss Mirzata A. Franks.

DIED.

In this city, at the Alms House, Feb. 26th, Samuel Bodge, aged 82 years.

Whittier's New Poem,
THE TENT ON THE BEACH.
feb 27 Rec'd by CHAS. HIGHT.

Franklin Family School,
FOR BOYS,
TOPSHAM, - - - MAINE.

SPRING AND SUMMER TERM commences March 20th. For circulars and references address H. A. RANDALL, Principal.
feb 27 3taw5w

New Books.

THE TENT ON THE BEACH, by Whittier.
The Village on the Cliff, by Miss Thackeray.
Played Out, by Annie Thomas.
Jubert's Thoughts. Ruth Hawin's Ordeal.
Poems, Grave and Gay, by Geo. Arnold.
For sale by D. BUGBEE & CO.

AUCTION.

WILL be sold at Public Auction, in front of the Custom House in Bangor, on
Thursday, March 7th, 1867,
At 11 o'clock, A. M.,
3 HORSES and 3 PUNGS.
CHAS. W. ROBERTS, Collector.
Custom House, Bangor, Feb'y 27th, 1867. 1w

THE GREATEST INVENTION
OF THE DAY!
Woman's Protection has Come at Last,
BY THE USE OF
ROLLINS & NEALEY'S
Mop Wringer.

IT can be attached to any Mop Handle—very easy to work—a child five years old can wring a mop with ease. The hands are not exposed to either hot, cold, or dirty water. This Wringer was patented Feb. 1, 1867, by Rollins & Neeley, who propose to sell only County and State Rights.

Persons wishing to invest in the best selling Patent in the United States will please call on JAMES NEELEY, 106 Main-st., Bangor.
Feb. 27 tf

Maine Central Rail Road.

Stockholders' Meeting at Waterville, Feb'y 27th, 1867.

STOCKHOLDERS in this Company wishing to attend the Annual Meeting at Waterville, will pay the express charges both ways upon 7.8-10 the morning train from Bangor on the day of the meeting, and return on the regular afternoon train. Owners of stock will be passed free each way, on exhibiting their certificates to the Conductor of the train. EDWIN NOYES,
February 23, 1867. 125 3t Supt.

A Cough, a Cold, or A Sore Throat,

REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION, AND SHOULD BE CHECKED. IF ALLOWED TO CONTINUE,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption

IS OFTEN THE RESULT.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

HAVING A DIRECT INFLUENCE TO THE PARTS, GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF.

For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumption and Throat Diseases.

TROCHES ARE USED WITH ALWAYS GOOD SUCCESS.

SINGERS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS

will find *Troches* useful in clearing the voice when taken before Singing or Speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. The *Troches* are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new local use in various parts of the world, and the *Troches* are universally pronounced better than other articles.

OBTAIN only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered. SOLD EVERYWHERE.
Nov 26 6mdAw

Driving Teams,
OF ALL SIZES,
Constantly on hand and for sale low,
BY
Wheelwright & Clark.
February 23. 2w

March.

ATLANTIC, Young Folks Godey, Demorest, Leslie, Ballou, and Hours at Home.
feb 23 rec'd by E. F. DUREN.

Burnside and Ninth Corps,

COLORADO, by Bayard Taylor; The Merchant of Berlin, by Muhlbach; Berlin and Sans-Souci, by Muhlbach, with other new books.
feb 23 rec'd by E. F. DUREN.

House for Sale.

A two story House, in good repair, No. 71 Cumberland Street, with good water, Stable, &c., &c. Will be sold at a bargain. Enquire on the premises of S. S. MITCHELL.
feb 26 1w*

TAKE opportunity to invest in Real Estate.—Will offer for sale for a few days only, 92 acres of Good Land, on Broadway, 2 miles from Kenduskeag Bridge, and 2½ miles from same. I wish to convert this property into cash without delay. For particulars enquire of Dr. H. O. BUTTLER, E. S. PRESCOTT, or C. E. BUTLER.
feb 26 d&w1w*

March.

GARTER OF FASHION and Beadle's Monthly. E. F. DUREN.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE Co[illegible] of FORTES, a firm this day dissolved by mutual consent. The affairs of the [illegible] will be settled by F. H. Weeks, who will [illegible] the business at the old stand, Nos. 21 and [illegible]

Our Stock consists of a large assortment of the following articles:

CLEAR PORK, PORK BACKS, BEEF, LARD and HAMS.
Extra, Double Ex., and superfine FLOURS.
MOLASSES, of different grades.
KEROSENE OIL.
COD and POLLOCK FISH.
MACKEREL.
Refined and Plain SUGARS, of all kinds.
TEAS—Choice Japan, Oolong and Souchong.
COFFEE—Java and Rio.
SALERATUS—Gold Medal, Prize Medal, Pris's Dietic, and Durkee's.
NEWCASTLE SODA.
PURE CREAM TARTAR.
SOAPS of various kinds.
TOBACCOS—Navy, Cavendish, & Natural Leaf.
RAISINS—Whole, Half, and Quarter Boxes.
Paraline and Tallow CANDLES.
SPICES of all kinds.
EXTRACTS, &c., &c.

COUNTRY TRADERS

Are particularly requested to call and examine our Stock, as we shall offer goods at prices which cannot fail to attract customers.

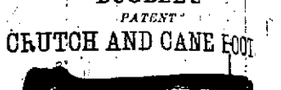
R. DAVIS & CO.,
No. 74 Exchange Street.
February 22, 1867. 2w

HOUSE, SHIP,
CARRIAGE AND ORNAMENTAL,
PAINTS.
A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK.
BLOOD & ROWE,
Feb. 22 121 Exchange Street.

10,000 lbs. Choice Strung
KENNEBEC APPLE!
AT WHOLESALE, BY
Bragg & Wescott,
NO. 35 BROAD STREET.
jan15.tf

5 Chests Choice Oolong TEA.
5 Bbls. Kerosene OIL.
2 Chests Choice Japan TEA.
—ALSO—
Sundry articles, to close consignments which are Tobacco, Coffee, Soap, &c.
—ALSO—
1 Stewart Cook Stove, nearly new. 1 Portable
feb26

BUGBEE'S
PATENT
CRUTCH AND CANE FOOT



THE Crutch Foot here shown is a great improvement on any heretofore offered the public. It is not only noiseless but perfectly safe in all kinds of weather and condition of the roads. It is instantaneously worked by the hand or by catching the knob D against any object. In detail, it consists of a spiral spring A, cushion A, steel brad B, socket C, knob D, and E. The brad B is held extended by spring E, so that it falls into the socket C, and perfect security and accidental slipping is prevented by moving the knob D out of slot E. The foot instantaneously falls back into place, leaving a smooth surface for floors and carpets.

The Foot is easily fastened to any cane or crutch, by means of a screw.

Price $2.50 each. Extra inducements to the trade. For further information address
feb 13 d&w 1w J. G. BUGBEE, Bangor, Me.

Regardless of Cost!

OUR ENTIRE STOCK
TO BE CLOSED OUT
PREVIOUS to MARCH 1st.

READ THE PRICES.

Empress Cloths
Worth $1.37 1-2 cts, only $1.

Plaid Poplins
Worth $1.37 1-2 cts, only $1.

Thibits
Worth $1.25 cts, only 75 cts.

Gray Flannels
Worth 50 cts, only 37 1-2 cts.

Fancy Flannels
Worth 55 cts, only 42 cts.

Bro. Sheetings yard wide, only 18 cts.
Best Prints only 15 cts.
Print Remnants only 25 cts.
Ribbed Hose (all wool),

OUR ENTIRE STOCK
—AT—
EQUALLY LOW PRICES.
CALL AT ONCE
Early callers get the Best Bargains.
JOHNSON BRO'S,
15 WEST MARKET SQUARE.
February 8th, 1867. 4w

Valuable Mills and Lumber Property
FOR SALE IN LOWER CANADA,
SITUATED ON THE YAMASKA RIVER, NEAR WEST FARNHAM.

THE building of the Lower Mill is of stone, frame-work 44x42. The dam is 8 feet of head water, and drives two circular saws, 36 inches, either of which produces 3,000 feet. The mill also contains an improved grating. The lot contains 161 acres of good land, with dwelling houses, workshop, barns, &c. Excellent road to the Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly Railroad, about a quarter of a mile, where lumber can be loaded, and taken to the Richelieu River, fifteen miles, where it can be shipped to the States.

There is also an excellent yard for log boom. The booms will contain ten thousand logs. There are large quantities of good Hemlock, Spruce and Spruce adjacent, and the supply never will fail.

THE UPPER MILL is about three miles from the Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly Railroad, the public road, and 2½ miles from Lower Mill, consists in a water privilege which carries 8 inches of head water, and a piece of land adjoining the corner, adjoining the mill, and forming part of it, and a piece of ground of two acres. Just below mill and house there are two good pieces of land, booms are capable of containing 30,000 logs. The mill contains one circular saw, four feet in diameter, and carriage; also a log drum and wheel, a butting saw and a shingle machine. The building is forty-six feet by thirty-six, with an addition of thirty-nine feet by twenty; part contains the butting saw and shingle machine. The circular and carriage has a cast iron frame, has two sets for long and short lumber. There is a blacksmith shop, two houses and a barn, house and two acres below. The mill saws 3,000 a day. The district adjacent is well supplied with Hemlock, Spruce and Tamarac.

The buildings, machinery, booms, [illegible] both mills are in perfect order.

The above offers an unusual opportunity to engage in the lumber business, and may be secured at a bargain.

Full particulars will be forwarded upon application to W. BROWN,
West Farnham, Canada.
February 9, 1867. 8taw 4w

EXTRA CLEAR PORK

65 Barrels very Heavy Extra Clear
MILWAUKEE PORK,
DAYTON & CO. BRAND.
Just received and for sale by
feb 19. S. H. Dale & Co.

NEW STYLES
Visiting Cards,
Engraved, Printed, or Marked to order
at BARTLETT'S.
feb 12

HO! FOR THE WOODS!

500 Doz. Chopping Axes,
Comprising the very best brands in the market.
BEAN POTS, Cross-Cut Saws, Chains, Hoes and Forks, Sled Shoes, &c. &c.
SELLING CHEAP AT
M. SCEWARTS
octl0 Nos. 139 and 141 Exchange St.

5-20 and 5-20
BONDS
PURCHASED AT THE
EASTERN BANK
February 14. d2w

NEW CROP
Matanzas Molasses
VERY NICE QUALITY,
Just received and for sale by
AYER & WEED,
116 and 118 BROAD STREET.
February 11.

Banjo Lessons.

Lessons will be given on the Banjo by the undersigned at his rooms, [illegible] Exchange St. Persons desiring to learn the Banjo will find it to their advantage to call on the undersigned.
DEWITT C. HAYNES.
Bangor, Jan. 31.

DR. POMEROY LECTURES ON THE [illegible] Sold by [illegible]
jan 31

Our Stock consists of a large assortment of the following articles:

CLEAR PORK, PORK BACKS, BEEF, LARD and HAMS.
Extra, Double Ex., and superfine FLOURS.
MOLASSES, of different grades.
KEROSENE OIL.
COD and POLLOCK FISH.
MACKEREL.
Refined and Plain SUGARS, of all kinds.
TEAS—Choice Japan, Oolong and Souchong.
COFFEE—Java and Rio.
SALERATUS—Gold Medal, Prize Medal, Pris's Dietic, and Durkee's.
NEWCASTLE SODA.
PURE CREAM TARTAR.
SOAPS of various kinds.
TOBACCOS—Navy, Cavendish, & Natural Leaf.
RAISINS—Whole, Half, and Quarter Boxes.
Paraline and Tallow CANDLES.
SPICES of all kinds.
EXTRACTS, &c., &c.

COUNTRY TRADERS

Are particularly requested to call and examine our Stock, as we shall offer goods at prices which cannot fail to attract customers.

R. DAVIS & CO.,
No. 74 Exchange Street.
February 22, 1867. 2w

HOUSE, SHIP,
CARRIAGE AND ORNAMENTAL,
PAINTS.
A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK.
BLOOD & ROWE,
Feb. 22 121 Exchange Street.

10,000 lbs. Choice Strung
KENNEBEC APPLE!
AT WHOLESALE, BY
Bragg & Wescott,
NO. 35 BROAD STREET.
jan15.tf

Notice to Voters.

NOTICE is hereby given that a copy of the Lists of Voters in the respective Wards of this City, is posted in the Avenue of the City Hall, for examination. Per order,
GEO. W. SNOW, City Clerk.
Bangor, Feb. 19, 1867 1w

Vessel for Sale.

A good White Oak Schooner, sound and strong—61 tons, new measurement—large under deck capacity, carries 3000 bushels potatoes. Well found in sails, rigging, &c., &c.
Apply to E. B. GARDNER,
feb14 tf Bucksport.

Mathematical Instruments

IN CASES, and Drawing Pencils of the finest quality, for sale by CHAS. HIGHT. feb 13

Situation Wanted.

BY a respectable woman as general servant in a small American family. Address FLORA DONALDSON,
feb 20 1w* Bangor Post Office.

NOTICE.

ALL Pensioners in the Counties of Penobscot, Piscataquis, Aroostook and Hancock, will be paid at the Pension Office in Bangor.
Office, corner of Exchange and Main sts., Bangor.
U. S. Pension Agency, Bangor, Me.,
GIDEON MAYO,
feb 18 d&w1w Pension Agent.

WANTED,

TWO OR THREE GOOD AGENTS for a First Class Life Insurance Co. Salary paid, if preferred, or a commission. Address, for one week,
J. W. PRESSKY,
feb20 1w* East Corinth.

Checks, Notes & Drafts,
PRINTED IN GOOD STYLE,
AT THE
WHIG & COURIER JOB OFFICE,
KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.

Beef, Pork, Flour and Teas.

50 BBLS. CHICAGO BEEF, (new).
100 bbls. Western Extra CLEAR PORK.
500 bbls. EXTRA FLOUR.
50 Chests TEA, (various qualities.
GEO. C. PICKERING,
jan 28 1m* No. 45 West Market Square.

Vessels for Sale.

One Brig, 298 tons new measurement—[illegible] A2—well found in every respect. Also [illegible] 4 Schrs, from 100 to 300 tons register. Apply to F. McGAW, [illegible]
feb 7 tf

Initial Stamping,

IN THE NEATEST STYLE, [illegible] of charge, by [illegible] & CO.

Bibles and Testaments.

[illegible] publications of the [illegible] to Depository. E. F. DUREN.

[illegible]

NewspaperArchive®.com

TELEGRAPHIC
TO THE
Whig & Courier.

News from the Capital.

Gen Hazen's Report of the Condition of Affairs in Utah,

He Recommends Friendly Treatment of the People.

Ex Gov Grant about to Identify himself with Temperance Cause.

Union State Convention in Kentucky.

WASHINGTON Feb 25

Gen Hazen has addressed a letter to Re[illegible] in which he has requested re[illegible] Affairs in Utah [illegible] He thinks it [illegible] the government should [illegible] friendly relation with that peo[illegible] the intelligence until they [illegible] Marsh measures [illegible] The lands of the [illegible] should be held by the government [illegible] intention to give a title to [illegible] same grounds as [illegible] and he does not see how [illegible] land of course should be upon [illegible] appointed to settle [illegible] neglected the more [illegible] settling their [illegible]

[illegible] received at the headquarters of the [illegible] from Gen Griffin, assistant Commissioner of Texas, state that in [illegible] withdrawn, virtually from all control [illegible] orders and interests etc as [illegible] the purpose to exercise [illegible] given him by existing orders [illegible] of Express from [illegible] announcement now that the amount of $1,000,000 has been expended [illegible] orders issued to destitute [illegible] persons not [illegible] within the next six months [illegible]

[illegible] Feb 25

Pennsylvania State Temperance Convention this afternoon [illegible] temperance [illegible] telling proof on tap [illegible] At the close of his remarks [illegible] happy to announce that he [illegible] received intelligence that General [illegible] about to identify himself with [illegible] resolutions were offered—among [illegible] prohibitory law [illegible] imposing heavy penalties for [illegible]

FRANKFORT Ky Feb 26

Union Convention represented 86 [illegible] meeting was very enthusiastic [illegible] resolutions were adopted [illegible] was nominated for Governor [illegible] Mason for Lieut Governor

ALBANY Feb 26

[illegible] K B Cochran is dangerously ill [illegible] grave fears are entertained for his recovery

BALTIMORE, Feb 26

[illegible] stated that Gov Swann will not [illegible] that he will decline the U S Ship

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 26

[illegible] storm which has taken place on the [illegible] was the severest known There is [illegible] feet of snow at York station and 15 [illegible] the summit Travel will be stopped [illegible] several days

LOUISVILLE Feb 26

[illegible] Brown of Nicholasville has been [illegible] by the Unionists to represent [illegible] district in Congress

RICHMOND Va, Feb 26

In Senate in secret session today considering the subject of calling a State Convention No result has been made known

ST LOUIS Feb 26

Estimated that $250,000 worth of property was destroyed in Western Kansas by recent freshet in Kansas river

NEW YORK, Feb 26

Money market closed this afternoon [illegible] early call loans ranged from 6 [illegible] cent on Governments and collat[illegible] Government strong and closed at 139¼ [illegible] other securities—Gold bonds lower [illegible] active Treasury notes steady [illegible] firmer after the second board, [illegible] firm at last open board and after [illegible] quiet but unchanged [illegible] sales of whiskey seized in this [illegible] officers were so unproductive [illegible] Government that no more will [illegible] at present [illegible] received from the Sec[illegible] of the Treasury, providing that all [illegible] which may be seized, shall be [illegible] further orders In some [illegible] more than one half the amount [illegible] imposed on whiskey, was real [illegible]

[illegible] Manuel the negro who mur[illegible] German shoemaker in Thompson [illegible] January last, was to day, in the [illegible] General Sessions, sentenced to be [illegible] the 2d Friday in April

[illegible] tragedy occurred last night at [illegible] N J A Mrs Coville was [illegible] and the house set on fire Facts [illegible] to light which cast suspicions on [illegible] and girl as the murderer

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Feb 26

In the House to-day, Mr Boynton's resolution to strike out the word "white" from the State Constitution was lost, after a long debate, by a vote of 26 to 50

PORTLAND, Feb. 26

[illegible] venous steamer Mahoning made a trial trip by special order of the Navy Department with a party of naval and scientific gentlemen on board, to test Flowers & Lyman's boat lowering apparatus They report that the experiments were very successful

AUGUSTA Feb 26

A bill providing for a State police, similar in its features to the Massachusetts constabulary law, passed to be engrossed in the House this afternoon, by a vote of 100 in favor to [illegible] opposed

Monetary Affairs.

NEW YORK February 26 SECOND BOARD—Stocks stronger C & R 30s coupons, 1862, 110¾ do. 1864 10[illegible] do do, 1865, 10[illegible] do do new issue 10[illegible] D & M 10-40 coupons [illegible] U S 7 30s 1st series, 10[illegible] do 2d series, 10[illegible] do third series, 100 Missouri State Bonds [illegible] Michigan Central 107¼ New York Central [illegible] Erie Railroad 70¾ Cleveland & [illegible] & Rock Island 9[illegible] Cumberland [illegible] do preferred 6[illegible] Chicago & N W [illegible] 6[illegible] Illinois Central [illegible] Reading 10[illegible] Hudson 1[illegible] Ohio & Mississippi Consolidated [illegible] Boston Water Power [illegible] Pacific Mail [illegible] Cumberland Coal [illegible] Western Union Telegraph [illegible] Pacific Mail Steamship Co [illegible] Atlantic Mail Steamship Co at 84¾.

American gold 109¾. Money stock 6@7 per cent.

Markets.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26 [illegible]

Thirty-Ninth Congress.

SECOND SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Feb 26

Senate

The Senate proceeded to the election of a government printer under the act just passed creating that office. The rule requiring election by ballot was suspended and John D Defreese, of Indiana, was elected

Mr Grimes from the committee on naval affairs reported a bill to amend the acts in relation to the navy

The Senate concurred in the House amendments to the bill providing extra compensation for the civil employees of the government in Washington, and it goes to the President

The army appropriation bill was taken up and considered

Mr Fessenden moved as an amendment a section directing the officers of the Freedmen's Bureau to prohibit whipping and maiming in the late rebellious States—Agreed to

Mr Wilson offered an amendment which as subsequently modified provides for the disbandment of all militia organizations in the lately rebellious states, which was agreed to—23 to 11

The House then went into committee of the whole on the tariff bill and the balance of the time to the recess was occupied in reading the Senate amendment

After some amendments had been acted upon an appropriation of $250,000 for the erection of a bridge across the Mississippi at Rock Island was passed

Mr Sherman called up the compound interest note funding bill but without taking action upon it the Senate took a recess

The compound interest note bill was taken up as the unfinished business, and on motion of Mr Sherman postponed until to morrow at one o'clock

Mr Fessenden from the finance committee reported the omnibus appropriation bill Ordered to be print d

On motion of Mr Trumbull, the Senate agreed to committee of conference on the joint resolution prohibiting the payment of money to parties in the rebel States not known to have been loyal during the rebellion

A number of private pension bills were passed

Mr Wilson called up the bill relative to court martials, which was passed and goes to the House

House.

Mr Wentworth in accordance with the resolution of the House yesterday, made a report stating that progress of the examination instituted into the charges as to corrupt bargains between members and the President It appears that the whole story was derived from observations made by reporters in the gallery, and consequential inferences drawn therefrom There was also some story about two persons who went back and forth between the President and certain conservative members of Congress

The report was that there was not the least knowledge obtained by the committee about the reported proposition of reconciliation between the President and the members, nor had the committee any reliable expectation of obtaining such knowledge

On motion of Mr Deland, the Senate's amendments to the House resolution, providing for payment of claims of persons in the rebel States not known to have been loyal during the rebellion, was taken from the Speaker's table and acted upon

The second Senate amendment was nonconcurred in and a committee of conference was asked

Mr Garfield from the committee on Ways and Means reported back the Senate's amendments to the bill for extra compensation to the civil employees of the government in Washington, with amendments

The report was agreed to, and the bill goes back to the Senate

The House went into a committee of the whole on the fortification appropriation bill After several amendments were acted on Mr Maynard moved to strike out the enacting clause, being the third time the motion had been made Adopted 67 to 58

The committee rose and reported The action of the committee was again reviewed by the House 72 to 79 and the bill was recommitted under the rules

The House again went into committee on the bill

Mr Le Blond moved an amendment that not more than one half the sum appropriated shall be expended during the next fiscal year Agreed to

The committee rose and reported the bill to the House

The amendments reported were agreed to and the bill was passed

EVENING SESSION

The House went into committee of the whole on the Tariff bill and the reading of the Senate amendments was concluded at 8 o'clock

Mr Morrill presented an amendment to the Senate amendment, in the nature of a substitute for the whole bill

After a few remarks, the committee rose in order that Mr Morrill might move in the House to terminate the general debate

The motion was agreed to—72 to 42

The House again went into committee of the whole and resumed the consideration of the tariff bill, which was amended, on motion of Mr Morrill, to take effect ten days after the passage, instead of April 1st.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

Reported for The Whig.

THE CHRISTIAN CONVENTION OF PENOBSCOT COUNTY met at the 1st Baptist Church according to the call at two o'clock, Tuesday afternoon, Feb 26,

The first half hour was spent in prayer

The convention was organized by the choice of the following board of officers

President—Rev S P Fay, of Bangor

Vice Presidents—A C Godfrey, Exeter, Dea Nahum Warren, Veazie, E H Fogg, Bangor, Moses Giddings, Bangor; F F French, Bangor

Secretaries—A S Weed, Bangor, Wm P Hubbard Bangor; N W Bond, Orono

Committee of Arrangements—Rev L S Rowland, Rev J B Gould, Rev Wm. G M Stone, Rev R Woodhull, Rev A K. P Small

Rev Mr Fay, upon taking the chair, called upon Rev Mr Gould to offer prayer

The Committee of Arrangements reported the following topics for discussion

1 How can the lay element in our churches be brought into greater activity in the cause of Christ?

2 How can the neglected classes of the community be brought more generally under the influence of the Gospel?

It was voted that one hour be devoted to the discussion of each topic

Friends from abroad were invited to take part in the exercises of the convention

The first question was opened by Rev. B F Axey, who was followed by Rev. Dr Pond, Mr Gammon of Veazie, and J S Ayer of Bangor

Sung 564th Hymn—"Awake my soul"

The discussion was continued by Rev D B Robinson of Kenduskeag, Dr S. Watson of Bangor, Rev. J O Knowles of Oldtown, O H Ingalls, and Mr Burnham of Bangor

Sung 566th Hymn—"Let us lift our lips and lives express."

The second question was opened by Rev Mr. Field of Bangor, and further discussed by Mr. E. Patten and Rev Mr Hall.

Sung 560th Hymn—"Act as a soldier of the Cross."

The discussion was opened by Rev. Mr Goodell of Bangor, Mr. C. Quimby of Orono, Mr [illegible] and Rev Mr Fay.

1 What is the duty of Christians respecting the suppression of intemperance?

The subject was presented by Rev Dr. Harris, who earnestly contended that he had his any moral right to indulge in intoxicating drinks, from the fact that it may endanger the welfare of others

The discussion was continued by Rev Mr Stone of Bangor, Rev Dr Tefft of Portland, and Rev Mr Chase of Bangor

Mayor Wakefield was called upon, who presented the practical difficulties in the way of the legal suppression of the traffic in intoxicating liquors.

Further remarks were made by Rev Mr Robinson of Kenduskeag and Rev B C Chase of Foxcroft

The hour allotted to this subject having expired, it was voted to devote the remainder of the evening to the discussion.

Sung Hymn 612

Five minutes speeches by Rev Dr Tefft, Rev Mr Small of Bangor, Rev J O Knowles of Oldtown Rev Mr Cutler of Skowhegan, Rev Richland Woodhull of Bangor, Rev Mr Rowland of Bangor, and Rev Mr Fay of Bangor, Rev Mr Field of Bangor

The Committee of Arrangements reported the following order for to day (Wednesday) forenoon

8½ to 9 o'clock, prayer meeting

9 to 10—Question What are the means for securing and promoting revivals of religion?

10 to 11—Question How may our prayer meetings be made more attractive to the impenitent, and more profitable to Christians?

11 to 12—Question How can the evils resulting from the multiplicity of denominations in our small towns be obviated?

Sung Hymn 1002

Dismissed with the Benediction by Dr Harris

The meetings, both afternoon and evening, were largely attended, and the discussions were earnest and the utmost of harmony and good will prevailed

During the day, among the subjects discussed will be

"The Prayer Meeting," "Family Religion," "Christian Activity," "Revivals of Religion," "Home Evangelization," and "Growth in Grace"

Delegates from out of town will call on the Committee of Entertainment at the Chapel of the First Baptist Church, where they will be directed to accommodations during their stay

The Piscataquis County Christian Convention will meet in Dover, or Foxcroft, on Wednesday and Thursday, March 13th and 14th

ANONYMOUS WRITERS. We have received recently one or two well written and well meant letters for publication—but as they state what are alleged to be facts without the authority of any names we must apply our rule of exclusion It is entirely useless for any one to send a communication without the author's name.

PICKED UP Monday last, Joshua Brackett, of Hermon, a deaf and dumb man, came to market with butter, having a horse for which he had refused $400 Yesterday morning he came to himself, (from appearance having been drugged with poor whiskey) and found he had swapped horses, having one worth about ten dollars, and been robbed of the money he had received for his load Officer Walker was put on the trail, and soon arrested one man, who owned up, and gave information where the horse could be had and gave the name of another as Russell, all the description of whom given was his whiskers. Last evening the officer arrested him at a public house minus his whiskers, and found him to be one Charles Foster alias Russell. They were given lodgings with landlord Whitney, to await trial

—The Annual Levee given by the "Young Folks Union" connected with the Universalist Society, at Norombega Hall on Monday evening last, was one of the most successful exhibitions of the kind ever given in this city—not only in the great number of people present, but in the attractive character of the entertainment and the ability displayed by the performers The house was crowded, and the audience gave undoubted evidence of their satisfaction and pleasure by frequent and warm applause The entertainment was partly dramatic in its nature and the amateur performers appeared to understand themselves and to enter heartily into the characters they assumed to represent The audience seemed to enjoy the spirit and rendering of the piece very fully The latter part of the evening was devoted to dancing, in which a large number took part The receipts must have been nearly $500

A NOBLE BENEFIT The account of receipts and expenditures at the Levee given by the ladies of the Freedmen's Aid Society in this city on Friday evening last, has just been made up—from which it appears that the amount received was unexpectedly large, and that a handsome sum was realized for the object proposed Considering that there was no entertainment offered, except refreshments and social communion, the attendance was remarkably large The gross receipts we learn amounted to $880,40—the expenses $240 73 Net proceeds $639,67

EAST ORRINGTON, Feb 26, 1867

Messrs Wheeler & Lynde

Seeing in Friday's Whig that master Chas Hill, of Brownfield, a youth of 16 years of age, demonstrated all the principles in Greenleaf's Arithmetic, I would say that Master Frank Robinson, 14 years of age, of East Orrington, attended a school taught by me ten weeks, and can not only demonstrate all the principles in Greenleaf's National Arithmetic, but went as far as the 226 page in Smyth & Treatt's on Algebra, the fourth book in Geometry, and read in Latin, Mythology, Roman History and 82 paragraphs in Geography of Nations

Yours, GEO B CRAPIN

—The Ellsworth American learns that the "Castine Brick Company" are making extensive preparations for a large business this year The yard of the company is built by making abutments of timber below high water mark. It is 75 feet back and runs 180 feet along the shore, with a wharf the whole length, and a pier outside, so when the brick are made ready for market a vessel can haul along side and load, without having to pay [illegible] of $20,000.

—Patents have been issued to John W Ayer of Lowell, for a compound to be used in the treatment of [illegible] and Moses Farrington of Boston, for improvement in [illegible]

—The Kennebec Journal says that Mr Woodman, of Portland, in the [illegible] made a very able presentation of the claims of the European & North American Railroad upon the people of Maine. "The figures of arithmetic showing how much the people of the Provinces have already contributed to the enterprise of opening up a great line of travel through this State, were more eloquent than any figures of rhetoric can be"

FREIGHT BY THE GRAND TRUNK. A circular issued from the Grand Trunk office, gives the following statistics of the amount of freight brought over the road for the past four years

1863,	129,926	tons freight transported
1864,	186,881	" " "
1865,	151,920	" " "
1866,	172,522	" " "

These figures do not include freight received for Boston, Maine Central Railroad, Liverpool, Halifax or St John, N B, steamer

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK for March has a charming steel engraving "Watching Baby," and its usual variety of Fashion and Fancy Work Illustrations An extremely well told story by Marian Harland, entitled "Theory vs Practice" opens the number The other articles sustain the long established reputation of this chief of the fashion monthlies

—The St Croix river opened earlier this year than it has done during the past thirty six years, except in 1842, when it opened on February 5, and in 1862, when it opened on the 7th

—The Hallowell Gazette says that negro minstrels find loan living in that region another troupe of the itinerants broke up in disorder in that city last week and left without taking receipts for bills incurred

—The Argus says that the Portland Kerosene Oil Company is the only one in the United States, with the exception of a small establishment at Marysville, Ky that manufactures oil from coal All the others distill it from petroleum.

FOR BOSTON Steamer Katahdin, Capt Johnson, will leave Boston for Winterport, March 7th, to run one trip per week until further notice

BATH SHIP ASHORE A private despatch received in this city Saturday, dated Yarmouth, England, Feb 23d states that ship Fanny Larrabee, of this city, Randall master, for Cadiz, was ashore on the breakers A steamer went to her assistance but owing to the ship being inside the breakers she could not get a hawser to her—[Bath Times

The late Aaron Upton, Esq, was sixty years up to the time of his death, a subscriber to the Boston Advertiser—[St Croix Courier

WASHINGTON, Feb 26

The fate of the Reconstruction bill at the hands of the President is not yet certain, though the general opinion is that a veto will be sent in to morrow, or on the following day at the furthest Gen Grant does not hesitate to say very frankly and pointedly that it would be advisable for the President to give it his signature At an interview with the Secretary of the Treasury, this morning, he asked the Secretary what the President would do with it, would he sign it The Secretary evasively answered that he did not know The President had not said what course he would pursue The General remarked with much earnestness "I hope he will sign it I think it would be well for him to do so" The Secretary again said he could not tell what the President's purpose was, adding

"He takes time to look into the whole question before acting" General Grant thereupon responded "Do you think he is open to conviction? Would my opinion have any weight with him? I don't want to bore him if he has reached his decision, but I very much hope he will sign the bill" Some further conversation was had, showing General Grant's strong desire for harmonious action between the President and Congress Whether he took occasion to see the President on the subject is not known—[Special to Boston Adv

CONSTITUTION WATER.
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THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
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DIABETES,

STONE IN THE BLADDER, GALL'L'S, GRAVEL, BRICK DUST DEPOSIT, AND MUCOUS OR MILKY DISCHARGES AFTER URINATING.

IRRITATION OF THE NECK OF THE BLADDER
INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER.

STRANGURY AND BURNING OR PAINFUL URINATING

For these diseases it is truly a sovereign remedy and too much cannot be said in its praise. A single dose has been known to relieve the most urgent symptoms

Are you troubled with that distressing pain in the small of the back and through the hips A teaspoonful a day of the Constitution Water will relieve you like magic

PHYSICIANS

Have long since given up the use of buchu, cubebs and injecting in the treatment of those diseases, and only use them for the want of a better remedy

CONSTITUTION WATER

Has proved itself equal to the task that has been laid upon it

DIURETICS

Irritate and finish the kidneys and by continued use soon lead to chronic degeneration and confirmed disease

We present the Constitution Water to the public with the conviction that it has no equal in relieving the class of diseases for which it has been found so eminently successful in curing and we trust that we shall be rewarded for our efforts in placing so valuable a remedy in a form to meet the requirements of patient and physician

STROUDSBURG PA, Jan 20, 1866

DR GRAGG

Dear Sir—I wish to inform you that I have been under the treatment of some of our best physicians, for nearly two years, without receiving any benefit I had lost all confidence and I indulged in but little hope of a cure from any source My disease was Dropsy and my physicians told me that there was no cure for me. I was tapped some fifty times and at the different operations about 1200 pounds of water was removed

I am happy to inform you that I have been completely restored to health by the use of Constitution Water.

I make this statement hoping it may reach those persons who may be similarly afflicted

Respectfully,
MRS MARGILL C LEVANWAY

INDYSMENORRHEA OR PAINFUL MENSTRUATION, AND MENORRHAGIA, OR PROFUSE FLOWING.

Both diseases arising from a faulty secretion of the menstrual fluid—in one case being too little and accompanied by severe pain and the other a too profuse secretion, which will be speedily cured by the Constitution Water

The diseases known as FALLING OF THE WOMB which is the result of a relaxation of the ligaments of that organ, and is known by a sense of heaviness and dragging pains in the back and sides and at times accompanied by sharp lancinating or shooting pain through the parts, will, in all cases be removed by the medicine

There is another class of symptoms arising from IRRITATION OF THE WOMB, which physicians call Nervousness, which word covers up much ignorance and in nine cases out of ten the doctor does not really know whether the symptoms are the disease, or the disease the symptoms We can only enumerate them here Speak more particularly of Cold Feet, Palpitation of the Heart, Impaired Memory, Wakefulness, Flashes of Heat Languor Lassitude and Dimness of Vision

READ! READ!! READ!!!

DANVILLE PA, July, 1862.—*Dr. William H Gregg—Dear Sir*—In February, 1861, I was afflicted with sugar diabetes, and for five months I passed more than two gallons of water in twenty-four hours I was obliged to get up as often as ten or twelve times during the night, and in five months I lost about fifty pounds in weight During the month of July, 1861, I procured two bottles of Constitution Water, and in two days after using it I experienced relief, and after using two bottles I was entirely cured soon after regaining my usual good health

Yours truly, J V L DEWITT

EAST IN CONNERS, N Y, Dec 27, 1861—*Wm H Gregg & Co—Gents*—I freely give you liberty to make use of the following certificate of the value of the Constitution Water, which I can recommend in the highest manner—My wife was attacked with pain in the shoulders, whole length of the back, and in her limbs, with *palpitation of the heart and irritation of the bladder* I called a physician, who attended her about three months when he left her worse than he found her. I then employed one of the best physicians I could find, who attended her for about nine months and while she was under his care she did not suffer quite as much pain. He finally gave her up and said "*her case was incurable*" for," said he "*she has such a combination of complaints that no cure can be given for one operates against some other of her difficulties.*" About this time she commenced to use the Constitution Water and to our utter astonishment, almost the first dose seemed to have the desired effect, and she kept on improving rapidly under its treatment, and now superintends entirely her domestic affairs She has not taken any of the Constitution Water for about four weeks, and we are happy to say that it has reduced a permanent cure

WM. M VANBEUSCHOTEN

WETHERSFIELD Conn, March 2, 1863—*Dr W H. Gregg—Dear Sir*—Having seen your advertisement of 'Constitution Water' recommended for inflammation of the Kidneys and Irritation of the bladder, having suffered for the past three years, and tried the skill of a number of physicians with only temporary relief I was induced to try your medicine I procured one bottle of your agent at Hartford, Messrs. Lee Sisson & Co., and when I had used half of it, to my surprise, I found a great change in my health, I have used two bottles of it and am where I never expected to be in my life, well, and in good spirit. I cannot express my gratitude for it. I feel that it is all and more than you recommended it to be May the blessing of God ever attend you in your labors of love

Yours truly, LEONARD S. SIGLOW

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS PRICE $1.

CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS
CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS.
CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS.
CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS.

PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.
PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.
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PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.

W. H. GREGG & CO.,
Proprietors.
MORGAN & ALLEN, General Agents
No. 48 Cliff St., New York.
GEO. H GOODWIN & CO
april 14—3tawcow—dawly. Boston.

JOHN OSBORN
Has Removed to
No. 22 West Market Square,
[illegible] formerly occupied by the late [illegible] FITZ, and more recently by HALEY [illegible] where he will attend to
REPAIRING
All kinds of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Repaired by strictly [illegible] workmen.
feb 3

Suspenders, Suspenders.

Partner Wanted.

THE subscriber offers for sale one half of the building known as the
KIRBY STORE,
Together with the stock, which consists of STOVES, TIN-WARE, TOOLS, &c
Said stand is well located in Newport Village and superior inducements are offered to purchasers
A. W. DERRING.
Newport, Feb'y 2, 1867 14t*

Groceries & Provisions

CIDER VINEGAR
PICKLES,
SPICES,
CLOTHES PINS,
SUGAR
TEA
COFFEE.
SOAPS OF ALL KINDS,
SALERATUS, &c., &c.
Wholesale and retail as Cheap as the cheapest.
may 9 JOHN S. KIMBALL & SON'

TO THE LADIES
PURCHASING
SHOES,
THEY SHOULD CALL AT
Colkins & Stanford's,
feb 4 25 MAIN STREET

Cough Remedies,
At Wholesale and Retail
WARREN'S COUGH BALSAM (two sizes,) Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Wistar's Balsam Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Reed & Cutler's Pulmonic Syrup, Hunter's Pulmonic Balsam, Lactopeda's Pulmonic Syrup, Poland's White Pine Compound, Cheever's Cough Balsam Jayne's Expectorant, Fitche's Pulmonic Balsam Hall's Lung Balsam; Allen's Lung Balsam, Roger's Syrup of Tar and Cancbalagua, Bohan's Hungarian Balsam; King's Prepared Prescriptions, and very many others, all at
BRADBURY'S.
Jan 16

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILL.

A Certain Cure for Diseased Liver and the most Dangerous Maladies which are caused by a morbid condition of that organ

To give the public a clear understanding of the mode in which SCHENCK'S Mandrake Pills produce those wonderful effects which are attested by thousands of reliable witnesses, we present a brief

DESCRIPTION OF THE HUMAN LIVER

and its functions, which will make the operation of this popular medicine perceptible to every man's understanding

The liver is supplied with blood vessels, nerves, and absorbents. One of the obvious uses is to secrete and prepare the bile, at likewise filters the blood and separates the bile from all impurities. It is indispensably necessary to health, is the proper performance of this function! If the liver is obstructed, it cannot purify the blood and if that is not done through the lungs, bowels and other parts it is rendered poisonous, it must cause jaundice, biliousness, obstruction of the kidneys, gravel, and many other complaints more or less painful and dangerous, but the least of them is enough to make a man sick and uncomfortable, and unfit for the performance of any of the duties of life. The unhealthy state of the system very often leads to pulmonary consumption [illegible] stated in this [illegible] Pills have [illegible] through the priesthood [illegible] among [illegible] Pills the best [illegible] Pills [illegible] the liver to [illegible] Pills [illegible] of the liver, it [illegible] for that reason that regular [illegible] cure consumption—[illegible] Pills [illegible] Pills [illegible] Pills [

Both Sides of the Question.

How oft will the breath of ill nature be blame!
The choicest of friends it will darken,
And simply because it has not been our aim
To put both sides the question to hearken.

One part of the story is all very well
Until we give ear to the other;
A first hasty rumor will laughter and swell,
And damage a friend or a brother.

Then judge not of men and of things at first sight,
But list to my humble suggestion;
Before you decide on the wrong or the right,
Think well on both sides of the question.

The rain clouds may lower so gloomy and sad:
Should that be a cause of repining?
Oh no; for the Sun is behind them so glad,
And shows us their bright silvery lining.

Then let us not look on the dark side alone,
But see if we can't find a light one;
Each cloud its reverse has, and surely you'll own
Your friend may, perchance, have a bright one.

The gem's outer coat may be rugged and mean,
But polish'd how rally 'twill glisten!
The shell on the sea-shore, remote and unseen,
Has music within, if you listen.

Even Cupid, when he gives us a mark for a song,
They he may not look honest in feature;
Don't judge him too harshly, or else you will wrong
A true-hearted, faithful old creature.

The rose of our garden from thorns is not free—
Do you and I therefore reject it?
Is honey less dainty because the poor bee
Retains a sharp sting to protect it?
Although with fierce prickles the shell may abound
The nut is still grateful and pleasant;
So oft may the mildest of natures be found
Beneath the rough garb of the peasant.

Then judge not of men and of things at first sight,
But list to my humble suggestion;
Before you decide on the wrong or the right,
Think well on both sides of the question.

Judge Remsen's First Client.

Old Judge Remsen, of Cowan, was fond of telling his early experience at the bar. My first case, he would say, came upon me very unexpectedly, after I had waited a considerable time for a client. The way I came to get it was this:

A young girl, Helen Montressor, was to be tried at our county court for stealing a breast pin valued at four dollars, and twenty dollars in gold from the trunk of her employer, James Wesley, a merchant in the town of Bedford. The theft, which was detected five weeks before, occasioned quite a talk at the time, as the girl was beautiful, and Wesley and his wife Eunice were anything but that, besides being generally detested. People said Helen had been shamefully treated by her mistress, who was jealous of her; and it was hinted that there had been foul play in the prosecution for theft.

The subsequent trial of a gang of counterfeiters and horse thieves had absorbed public attention, that the case of Helen Montressor was forgotten and no one seemed to care for her fate. But when she was placed on the prisoner's box, her Bearsay riveted every eye, and when the Judge asked her who was her counsel, and she meekly replied that she had none and no money to pay a lawyer, there was not a member of the bar who would not have willingly undertaken her case. The Judge, after looking round a moment, fixed his eyes on me, and said, 'Mr. Remsen, will you please act this young lady's counsel?' I started as though I had been shot. Luckily a juror had been taken ill, and the court adjourned till next morning, or I should have made sad work with my client's case.

As I left the court room I looked at my watch; it was eleven o'clock, so I had but twenty-three hours to prepare. I called upon the district attorney and asked to see the indictment and the evidence taken before the justice of the peace. As he tumbled over a pile of documents in search of the papers, he said:

'The Judge must have a spite against you, Remsen, to put you in such a tight place, and you a green hand. No offence, he added, as he observed the rising color of my cheeks—no offence; I simply meant that you are inexperienced. These are the documents;—take them home with you—only be sure to bring them to court to-morrow morning. You will see that your client has no chance.'

I was annoyed by this slight reference to my client, for whom I entertained deep respect and believed innocent; but I said nothing. Hastening to my office I locked myself in and commenced the analysis of my case. The evidence consisted of the testimony of James and Eunice Wesley, Sarah Brown, a seamstress, Charlotte Boyce, a domestic, and Thomas Hannegan, a man of all work, employed by the Wesleys. Hannegan's evidence seemed straight-forward and truthful, and so did the servant girl's. I made up my mind that they were not unfriendly to my client, and that I would seek an interview with them, although it would necessitate a journey to Bedford. In Miss Brown's testimony I at once detected intense malice, and determined to harrow her most unmercifully in the cross examination. Wesley's evidence was similar in style and manner to that of Hannegan; but Mrs. Wesley's was full, discursive and acrimonious—such as, that she had always believed Helen to be a viper, but her husband upheld the trollop. To my mind the case seemed clear; Mrs. Wesley had put those things in Helen's trunk.

I went next to the court house, and requested Mr. Mace, the sheriff, who lived in the wing of the building, to introduce me to the prisoner. He conducted me to her cell. Although the bolts clanged heavily as they sprang from their locks, our entrance did not seem to attract her attention. She was standing with clasped hands before her grated window, gazing at the sky. The sheriff touched her arm, and said, 'Miss Montressor, Mr. Remsen is the lawyer who is to manage your case, and he wants to see you.' She started, turned quickly around, and made an inclination of her head to indicate her willingness to listen, but she said nothing. The sheriff left the cell and we were alone. Conscious that every moment was precious, I said:

'Miss Montressor, we must throw aside ceremony, and communicate frankly upon this painful business. I believe you are innocent. The thing is to prove you so. This promises to be difficult, but I am not without hope. If you will tell me frankly what your experience has been with the Wesley's, my task may be lightened.

I then put a series of questions and learned that she was fifteen years old; that she had lived with Mrs. Wesley, who had been married about eight years; that she had lived with a kind old man named Gregory, who had taught her to call him grandpa; that Mrs. Wesley, who was then called Miss Nasmith, lived with Mr. Gregory also; that Miss Nasmith inherited all his property, and married Mr. Wesley about a month after he died; that she told her never to call him grandpa any more, for he wasn't any relation to her; that the day old Mr. Gregory died he gave her a sealed package and told her not to let Eunice see it, but to give it to a certain lawyer where he returned to town, for it would make her a rich young lady, and he cried and said he had left Eunice have her own way too much; that she fell asleep with the packet in her lap, and when she awoke it was gone, and she never dared ask any questions about it; that Mrs. Wesley hated her, and beat her, and treated her like a slave, and she sometimes thought of drowning herself she was so miserable; that Mr. Wesley said improper things to her; that he was a bad man, but weak and under his wife's control; that the day on which her trunk was searched she was sent on an errand to the minister's; was gone about an hour and a half, and on her return was taken up stairs to see her trunk opened, but while had taken off her bonnet and shawl, she saw her trunk when she was out, but when Mrs. (Helen) had overhauled it, that shawl, and they were not in it then; that she (Mr. Wesley Kiss about it she expressed no, though she rather thought he didn't because he looked really when his wife was counting the money.

Taking her [illegible] up, I went to the sheriff's [illegible] Mrs. [illegible] cheer her up, [illegible] the court house, [illegible] the court [illegible] cognizance [illegible]

'There's [illegible] the district attorney requested that Mr. Morch be [illegible] Helen's trunk was searched, [illegible] Mrs. Wesley was in the habit of ill-treating the prisoner, everybody pricked up their ears. The girl hesitated and stammered, and finally said she was afraid of Mr. Wesley. I asked, 'Because Mrs. Wesley beat her once with a large club, and threatened to kill her, and was always scolding her. But don't ask me any more questions,' she suddenly exclaimed, 'or I shan't lose my place.'

I glanced at Mrs. Wesley and saw that she was regarding her servant with a look of intense malignity, and to annoy her I appealed to protect the witness against the threatening looks of her mistress. This brought all eyes to a focus on Mrs. Wesley's ugly looking countenance, and she turned fearly white with indignation. The Judge told the witness to speak without fear, and if she lost her place by telling the truth, she would find plenty of better ones. I told the witness she might go, and the district attorney permitted her to pass without questioning.

The next witness was Miss Sarah Brown, the seamstress—a rat-eyed, hatchet-faced, dapper little creature. She was at work at Mrs. Wesley's at the time the theft was discovered. She met Helen the day before the trunk was searched, coming out of her mistress' room, and she looked so guilty she suspected she had been doing something wrong. The same day Mrs. Wesley spoke about the things being gone, and she told her suspicions. Thereupon she thought it would be a good plan to search Helen's trunk; proposed to do it at once, but Mr. Wesley preferred to wait. When the trunk was searched the things were found, just as she expected.

When the witness was passed over to me, I asked in a careless tone, how she knew the money was in Mrs. Wesley's room the day she met Helen coming thence.

'She knew it because Mrs. Wesley had told her. Couldn't she mistaken for Mrs. Wesley had [illegible] the half eagle with a hole in it, which she was going to present to the minister's boy.'

'Did she make no any other kind over again, until there could be no mistake about it, and that she had seen the hole in the half eagle?

'Yes Mr. Remsen, the jewelry.'

'Is he a [illegible] Wesley?'

'Yes, [illegible]'

'I take [illegible] the district attorney requested that Mr. Morch be [illegible] cognizance [illegible]

'There's [illegible]

[illegible]

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